

THE OYEN NEWS



VOL. 19, No. 49.

OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 1, 1933

PAGE ONE

CONTINUOUS SERVICE

The U.G.G. terminal at Port Arthur has a capacity of 5,500,000 bushels. The U.G.G. terminal at Vancouver has a capacity of 2,500,000 bushels. Through these terminals United Grain Growers continuously carries on the business of getting forward to market the grain produced in western Canada. When winter blocks the lake route the flow of grain continues through Vancouver.

This is just one of many reasons enabling this company to give unsurpassed grain handling service to farmers.

Ship your grain to

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

Elevators at: Oyen, New Brigidon, Sedalia.

About Town and Country

The Sunday school entertainment scheduled for Friday evening this week has been withdrawn. A further announcement will be made at some later date.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Peek, who left last Thursday morning for Calgary, returned home Monday evening. Mr. Fred Raddatz who accompanied them to the city is staying in Calgary for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Miller, Mr. W. A. Walker and daughter Rita, were Sunday visitors at Compeer, Alta.

Mr. A. A. Anderson, a former Oyen resident, arrived in Oyen last Friday, and after spending a few days renewing old acquaintances, he left this evening for his home at Stenmore.

Father Lynette left last Saturday night for the east, having received word of the serious illness of his mother.

Mr. Fred Langford arrived in the district the latter part of last week from Peers, Alta.

Mrs. Joe Wood and daughter Margaret Jean were Calgary visitors last week. They returned home to Oyen Tuesday.

There will be no games curling on Friday this week.

The whist drive and dance held last Friday evening in the Masonic hall under the auspices of Somme Chapter, O.E.S., was well patronized and proved a most popular success. Prizes in the whist drive were won by Mrs. H. Munroe and Mr. Long. The consolation prizes went to Mrs. R. Anderson and B. O'Neal. Music for dancing, played by Miss Reinhold, Mr. F. Neid and Jack Snyder was very favorably commented on.

Excel Items

Excel curling was represented in Alaskan Bospital by F. E. Bishop, sk., C. A. Bishop, R. E. Bishop and Duane Bishop. The rink won second place in the Grand Challenge.

A. Thayer, sk., Mrs. F. E. Bishop, F. Thayer and Mrs. F. Thayer won several games during the mixedspiel at Oyen but did not succeed in winning any prizes.

Two Excel rinks visited Chinook on Monday afternoon and enjoyed a friendly game which resulted in a win for Excel rinks.

Mrs. R. Bowen of Careyville, Sask., who arrived Sunday morning for the funeral of Mrs. Ernest Vanstone will remain with her brother Mr. Vanstone for a month.

OBITUARY

A funeral service for Mabel Wiley Vanstone, beloved wife of Ernest Vanstone, was held at the family residence, on Sunday, January 29, 1933, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, interment following at Cereal cemetery. Rev. J. D. Woodluff of Cereal was the officiating minister.

The deceased who was 44 years of age, died early Friday morning, January 27, 1933. She was operated on a week previously in Cereal hospital. Mrs. Vanstone was born near Frankfort, Ont. She came west in the homestead days and lived with her sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Caskey, from whose home she was married in 1917. Since then, till the time of her death she has resided in Farning Valley district. Besides her husband she leaves to mourn five children: Stanley 14, Ross 10, Irene 8, Gordon 5 and Hazel 4; her mother, Mrs. William Wiley of Frankfort, Ont. and five brothers: Lemuel H. Wiley of Laurier, Alta., William Arthur, Stanley and Harold, all of Ontario and one sister, Mrs. S. J. Caskey of Laurier, Alta.

Ever a willing worker her presence will be keenly missed in all community undertakings. Leaving the home for the cemetery, the cortege was a

District Profoundly Shocked by Death of Arthur E. Johnson

Young and Highly Esteemed Businessman, Dies in Cereal Hospital following operation.

Funeral will be held at Oyen United Ch.-ch., Friday, February 3, at 1:30 p.m.

Arthur E. Johnson, young and highly esteemed business man of Oyen, died at Cereal, on Tuesday, January 31, 1933.

The announcement of his death, which occurred about noon, has profoundly shocked the community. During the week just passed he had been carrying on normally. He participated in the annual mixed bonspiel and was present at the rink to witness the final games on Saturday night.

On Sunday night he was taken to Cereal hospital, and at an early hour Monday morning he was operated on for appendicitis and it was believed that the operation had been successful, but complications developed and on Tuesday morning, hopes for his recovery were given up, death occurring about noon.

Turkey Cheap and Plentiful in Alberta

The province of Alberta is enjoying the rather doubtful distinction this winter of having turkeys so cheap and so plentiful that, probably for the first time in history, turkey meat is on the regular menu course of the "two-bit" meals at city restaurants in the province. It has ceased to be a luxury. In fact turkeys, are a popular medium of barter for the farmers these days. The province reached the peak of its turkey production last season, and is firmly established in its position as the "turkey province of Canada."

Export of Cattle

Alberta's total export of cattle during 1932 was \$6,701 head, which was slightly less than the total for the previous year.

most impressive one, over sixty cars being required to carry the mourners. Besides those of the family, a profusion of floral tributes were received from a wide circle of friends.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

\$5.00 REWARD
Lost—Yellow Collie with white stripe on face. Answers to name of Watch. Finder please leave word at Oyen News office or advise J. Brough, Oyen.

SELL WATKINS PRODUCTS

Made in Western Canada.
BR. A. WATKINS MAN. Earn from \$25.00 to \$50.00 a week from the start. Operate your own store on wheels. Over 150 Staple Food Products and Farm and Household necessities that are needed and used daily by thousands of Farm Homes of Western Canada. 64 Years Reputation. Ambitious and reliable men wanted right now to set themselves up in business around Oyen—Youngstown—Chinook—Stenmore. For FREE BOOKLET, write The J. R. Watkins Co. Department 102, Winnipeg, Man.

Tom Lees Wins Major Event in Mixed 'Spil

J. Marshall wins second event with Langmuir runner-up. Alex Wright is runner-up in major event.

Play in the mixed bonspiel was brought to a close Saturday night, when the final games in the two events were played off before a large gallery. In the major event, Thos. Lees and Alex Wright were the contestants, Lees being the winner.

Score by ends:
WRIGHT 101 300 000 011—7
LEES 211 050 110 300—11

In the consolation event, Marshall and Langmuir, the game going to Marshall on the tenth end.

Score by ends:
LANGMUIR 000 210 002 0x5
MARSHALL 211 003 330 1xx 14
Ideal curling weather prevailed throughout the week.

Grain Congress Entries

Prominent Alberta seed grain exhibitors who have figured in prize taking in Canada and American grain shows, will be strongly in evidence at the world grain congress in Regina

A Reminder

So many of our subscribers pay their subscriptions at this season of the year, a reminder is not out of place at the present time. And more especially should this be taken note of by those in arrears for a year or more.

The Oyen News

next summer, according to the entry lists for the congress now arriving at the department of agriculture, at Edmonton. Former champions and near-champions are in the lists, as well as many promising new exhibitors. One of the features of the Alberta entries will be the showing of prize corn to be made from the Lethbridge district, a new corn belt of North America. More than 100 entries have already been made from Alberta, with promise of more before the close on January 31. There are a dozen entries already in the ten bushel wheat class.

Largest Flying Club in the Dominion

Edmonton, Alberta, boasts the largest flying club in the Dominion. At the annual meeting held recently it was shown that during the past year 24 private pilots' licences and five commercial licences were won by members, which is one-twelfth of all the licences issued in the Dominion to similar clubs. A total of 800 hours of flying was done during the year by pupils.

Subscribe to the News

Mixed Bonspiel - First Event

G. A. Bishop	Gillespie	Gillespie	Gillespie
L. Gillespie	Johnson		
A. E. Johnson	Lees		
Joe Dick	Thayer		
J. Marshall	Sharp		
A. Lees	McDonald		
V. E. French	Wright		
F. Thayer	Wright		
A. Sharp	Wright		
A. O. MacArthur	Wright		
W. McDonald	Wright		
Lynett	Wright		
A. Wright	Wright		
Dunford	Wright		
R. Sharp	Wright		
J. Lees	Wright		
C. S. Wright	Wright		
Langmuir	Wright		
Willson	Wright		
Morrison	Wright		
Alf. Gibson	Wright		
F. Neid	Wright		
Gillespie	Wright		
Purcell	Wright		
C. Stewart	Wright		
Morrison	Wright		
E. Church	Wright		
R. J. Scott	Wright		

A. Wright

T. Lees

T. Lees

Lees

The Winners—Thos. Lees, Helen Gripp, Art Wade and Mrs. Bryant.
The Runners-Up—Alex Wright, Mrs. J. Lees, R. Charlebois and Miss Moun.

Mixed Bonspiel - Consolation Event

C. A. Bishop	Bishop		
C. Stewart	Neid		
F. Neid	Neid		
A. Lees	Langmuir		
G. Langmuir	Langmuir		
J. J. Purcell	Langmuir		
Anderson	Sharp		
E. Church	Sharp		
R. Sharp	Thayer		
W. McDonald	Johnson		
F. Thayer	Johnson		
C. L. Dunford	Willson		
A. E. Johnson	Willson		
C. Willson	Willson		
F. Thayer	Willson		
F. Thayer	Willson		
R. E. Gillespie	Dick		
G. Morrison	French		
A. Sharp	French		
A. Q. MacArthur	Morrison		
Jim Marshall	Marshall		

The Winners—J. Marshall, Mrs. C. Wright, Jack Mahaffey and Alberta Weinger.
The Runners-Up—G. Langmuir, Mrs. Langmuir, Joe Mahaffey and Nettie Kornichenko.

Church Notices

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 5

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

OYEN 7:30 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL 2:00 p.m.

Rev. E. F. KEMP

All Are Cordially Invited

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

Evening 3:00 p.m.

Rev. C. M. K. Parsons

Vicar.

Professional Cards

Dr. D. L. Dick

Physician and Surgeon

Office on First Avenue East

Phone No. 7

Oyen - Alta.

Miss Lillian Reinhold

A.T.C.M.

(Piano Mount Royal College)

PIANOFORTE LESSONS

Preparation for Toronto Conservatory

of Music examinations.

Studio on Main street, Oyen

Four doors south of Second avenue.

(West side)

Box 27, Oyen, Alberta.

Quality That Is Unsurpassed



Canadian Radio Programmes.

The recently appointed Canadian Radio Commission, within whose jurisdiction has been placed control of all radio broadcasting in Canada, has inaugurated the first of its series of all-Canadian programmes to be broadcast over a Dominion-wide hook-up of stations from the Atlantic to the Pacific. This first series is to consist of twelve symphony concerts given alternately by the Toronto and Montreal Symphony orchestras each Tuesday evening. The Radio Commission has also announced a second series of broadcasts for each Friday evening consisting of concerts by the bands of the Royal Canadian Regiment, London, Ontario, and the Canadian Grenadier Guards, Montreal.

Before taking the step of nationalizing radio broadcasting in Canada, the Canadian Government appointed a Royal Commission to study the whole subject and to investigate conditions and systems in other countries. In Great Britain all broadcasting is under the direction and control of the British Broadcasting Company, which, in a sense, acts for the Government. In the United States private companies and individual stations are responsible for the programmes, which are financed by advertising, while the Government controls the creation of stations, their power, wave lengths, etc. Canada's Royal Commission reported in favor of cut-and-out control by the Government through the creation of a national Radio Commission with wide powers of control over all stations and all programmes, including the right to take over existing stations, erect new ones, and operate any of them.

Canada's position is a peculiar one. Being immediately adjacent to the United States with its 110,000,000 people, enormous resources, and many powerful stations with large revenues from advertising, as compared with Canada's population of only 10,000,000, much smaller financial resources, and a restricted volume of radio advertising available, and largely confined to purely local areas, our stations are consequently smaller and of low power compared with the high-powered stations along the line. As a natural and inevitable result, United States programmes largely monopolized the air in Canada. It was realized that this situation could only be overcome if at all by the Government itself. Hence the decision in favor of a national radio commission with all-embracing powers, and financed by the license fees paid by all citizens possessing receiving sets.

At the outset, the Radio Commission is not proceeding to acquire stations or erect new ones, rather it is devising its steps to the development of world-wide Canadian programmes and providing the hook-up facilities whereby such programmes can be heard in every Province of the Dominion, an expensive proceeding because of our great extent of territory and our sparse population, and, therefore, beyond the capabilities of private enterprise.

There is little question but that the people of Canada desire that such all-Canadian programmes and national hook-ups should be provided. But to command the interest and support of our people such programmes must be equal to, and, where possible, excel, United States programmes. It is not only in the quality of the individual programmes that may be offered that they must successfully compete with United States programmes, but in their variety as well. The Radio Commission is making its start with symphony orchestra music. Well and good, and undoubtedly the two organs, pianos selected to provide these programmes are just as fine as any United States organization. The fact remains that only a limited number of people possess an educated taste for symphonies. Possibly, everybody enjoys such a programme occasionally, but as a regular diet it is apt to get the same thing may be said with equal truth in regard to band concerts, and, indeed, of any one class of programmes.

We desire to emphasize that we are not criticizing, in the very midst of making, the initial programme decisions of the Radio Commission, but we do desire to point out, and to emphasize, that in order to command the approval and support of the masses of the Canadian people—who, after all, are paying for these programmes and, therefore, have the right to "call the tune,"—the Canadian programmes must equal in their variety those which can be heard every evening by tuning in on U.S. stations. People like good music, whether by band, orchestra or vocal, but they also like a lot of fun. They enjoy a good joke, clever repartee, a real good laugh. At times they want to be excited and thrilled by an intense drama; they like to listen to an eloquent speaker upon timely topics. And there is grave danger that if the Canadian Radio Commission, in their laudable desire to raise the standard of radio programmes, adopt the "high brow" attitude, thousands of Canadian listeners will simply turn their dials and continue to listen to, as now, upon the enormously popular variety programmes emanating from United States stations.

It is to be hoped that the members of the Radio Commission are as fully alive to this situation as is the average radio listener. It will of course, take time to develop such programmes, while it was a comparatively easy matter to conclude arrangements with symphony orchestras and regimental bands to inaugurate initial programmes. But in order that public opinion may not develop an open antagonism to the policy of nationalized broadcasting, it is vitally important that no false impression of the policies and intentions of the Radio Commission be created.

No doubt that class of our population who are extremely fond of the highest forms of music will write their commendations to the Commission. We would offer the suggestion that listeners-in-everywhere join the army of correspondents, and while the Commission studies their commendations do not particularly enjoy, present their own views as to what they would like included in these Canada-wide programmes and thus assist the Commission in developing programmes, not only of high merit, but of variety that will prove well pleasing to the Canadian people as a whole.

Shocks, the unassumed staves from which barrels are made, form an important item among products that enter the British West Indies duty free from Canada.

Economy—a reduction in some of the duties on the Saskatchewan farm owner fellow's salary.

Palpitation of the Heart Nerves Bad—Could Not Sleep

Mrs. Fred Bingham, Swift Current, Sask., writes:—"I was bothered with palpitation of the heart, and my nerve was so bad I could not sleep."

I was getting desperate and confided my trouble to a friend who recommended me to take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I purchased a box and got such relief I would gladly recommend them to all who are troubled as I was."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Debt Adjustment

Movement To Enact Law To Prevent Unjust Foreclosures

Representations will be made to the Saskatchewan Government, provincial-wide in scope, regarding the machinery be set up which will put the closure on unjust foreclosures after consideration has been given to all the merits in the case.

The governments will be asked to devise legislation which will protect all equities in property, no matter how great or small, as it is felt there is discrimination under the provisions of the proposed Debt Adjustment Act.

This discrimination, it is alleged, by the Saskatchewan Citizens Investment Protective Association, is that the inter-dependent groups in mortgage and sales agreements are not protected, and in a large number of cases hardships have been wrought through foreclosures being achieved by first mortgage holders.

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On the Island Of Curacao

A Centre Of Interest For Travellers And World Tourists

"Bang, bang, bang!" goes the cudgel on your white shirt; "bang, bang, bang!" goes the whacking all about it; it holds the charm of music to the tourist looking on—this the washroom's seaside song.

A report from Willemstad says it is really a wonder how the washroom stands the pounding it gets. If you want a shirt or two laundered while you spend the day here, you give the work to a woman who stands in the lagoon beside her clothes-line, which is nothing more than a few rocks or some cactus growths on the shore.

In washing a shirt the washwoman clubs it out; that is, she squeezes it in the salt water, then places it on one of the rocks and bounces it with a stick worn smoothly by contact with wet clothes on the flat rock surface. There being no streams in the Island of Curacao, all clothing is washed in the sea, which is crystal clear. There is nearly always a breeze here, as the clothing soon dries when it is spread out on rocks or bushes in the sun.

A busy button meets a violent death between the club and the stone; but buttons are found in sale every-where in Willemstad.

The washwomen dress as scantily as they do in Holland's other island of redoubt, Bonaire, which is now the centre of interest among world tourists. Most of the women wear nothing but a cloth about their waist and when this gets wet they just let it stay wet.

People who come here during January, February and March find the "Mauretanian" cruises will find that the washwomen here do excellent work; they should find themselves in need of such services. They wear iron and under, handkerchiefs, shirts and the like in very short time. Linen must be left while passengers are away, and they look over the water and will be found ready to take away in an hour or less.

Willemstad is an ideal place to shop. The Dutch products are extremely low-priced. There is a wide variety of goods from all parts of the world, the city being a free port. Especially cheap is the pigskin Curacao, which is not made here, but derives its name from the island of Curacao. The cordial is manufactured in Holland. The jewelry stores are attractively stocked with wares from the master craftsman in gold and silver.

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PREMIER SAYS RAIL PROBLEM IS SERIOUS ONE

Ottawa, Ont.—The railway problem in Canada is threatening the very economic life of the country, Premier R. B. Bennett told a deputation of railway men here. Like the fabled old man of the sea it was clinging to the back of Canada, slowly throttling its life.

No language would be too extravagant to describe the seriousness of Canada's railway problem, the Prime Minister said. It had been submitted by the railways that too much emphasis had been placed on the financial end of the problem and not enough on the human.

"But if these enterprises stop altogether there will be no work at all," said Mr. Bennett. "Our effort is to maintain as going concerns these enterprises. That is our job, our responsibility."

"If this country continues as we have done in the past, we cannot continue long. We have only 10,000,000 people, scattered from sea to sea, and we must stop incurring heavy responsibilities or we cannot pay on the past (responsibilities). And if we cannot pay on our past responsibilities, we cannot borrow more."

Canada's economic life was at stake, proceeded the Prime Minister, and if we lose our credit, we lose everything. "The Duff royal commission advised paying of the Canadian National deficit each year, but the deficit in 1932 was \$70,000,000, and this year it looks as if it might be well within it if it is \$100,000,000 a week."

"This country," continued Mr. Bennett, "has only 10,000,000 people, and they find it exceedingly difficult to pay present taxes. We know there is a breaking point, and every day gets us closer to it in this time of depression."

It would be the responsibility of the government and the Canadian National Board of Transport, recommended by the Duff commission—to maintain the railways as going concerns giving employment, said Mr. Bennett. "Sacrifices must be made. We may as well face that. But it will be a common sacrifice, every one will have to make it."

Every consideration would be given to the representation of Mr. Bennett seated with the Prime Minister were Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice; Hon. R. J. Scott, Minister of Railways; Hon. Alfred Durnan, Minister of Fisheries; and Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance.

When it was suggested the bonded indebtedness of the Canadian National should be reduced, the Prime Minister said the bonds had been guaranteed by the government, "and cannot be written down. The interest must be paid if the credit of this country is to be upheld."

Would Limit Exports

Wheat Should Be Used For Food For Livestock

Saskatoon, Sask.—Canada should limit exports of wheat by converting as much as possible of it into beef, bacon and hams, poultry and eggs, and perhaps even butter and cheese, P. H. Auld, deputy minister of agriculture, suggested at the session of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies Association. The agricultural societies should mould public opinion in this regard.

The possibilities of increased export of bacon should not be considered only with a view to whether bacon production would be profitable but also with a view to the improvement of wheat prices by feeding surplus wheat to hogs and so relieving the pressure on the wheat market.

To Amend Appeal

Montreal, Que.—Permission to add to and amend the appeal filed Dec. 27 was granted to James J. Harpell, publisher, by the court of appeals today. Harpell is appealing a sentence of imprisonment imposed on him after conviction on a charge of libelling T. R. Macaulay, president of the Sun Life Assurance Company.

Conciliation Sought

Washington.—A British naval officer was reported to have advised from Nanking, made public by the Chinese legation, to have acted under instructions from London to seek conciliation between Chinese and Japanese troops after the fighting at Shanhai.

W. N. U. 1979

U.S. Farmers Fight Taxes

To Protect Property From Loss Through Tax Sales

Chicago.—Farmers of the agrarian states are fighting two of their ancient foes, mortgages and taxes, with a desperate determination this winter, and state legislatures are their battleground.

Their fight is waged with bills of taxation and deflationary designs, but all weapons are aimed at the same target. By one method or another it is intended to protect the farmer from loss of his property through tax sales or mortgage foreclosures.

Nearly every legislature meeting this year has heard the farmers' voice in measures designed to give them respite from tax and interest burdens.

Outside legislative halls, farmers from Iowa to Pennsylvania have given proof of their earnestness, sometimes by forcibly halting tax farm groups. In many states farm groups have voiced their feelings in language which has commanded legislative attention.

Reiterating through the state legislatures is chiefly concerned with reduction of the farmers' "fixed charges," in contrast with legislation to increase prices sought through the federal government.

Wheat Exports

About 80 Per Cent. Of 1932 Crop Is Now Marketed

Ottawa, Ont.—About 80 per cent. of the 1932 wheat crop has been marketed in the prairie provinces, and exports of Canadian wheat and wheat flour for the five months up to the end of December totalled 10,000,000 bushels, as compared with 10,700,000 bushels during the same period in 1931, according to a study by the office of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The review stressed the importance of exports of Canadian wheat to the United Kingdom during the present crop year. According to British trade returns, during the four-month period from October, 1931, to January, 1932, total imports of wheat into the United Kingdom amounted to 68,000,000 bushels of which 58,000,000 bushels originated in Canada. The bureau estimated that during the corresponding months of 1931 not more than 20 per cent. of British imports consisted of Canadian wheat.

Trying Times For Dairymen

Prices Of Dairy Products Lowest In Past Twenty Years

Saskatoon, Sask.—At a session of the Saskatchewan Dairy Association at the university, P. E. Reed, dairy commissioner for Saskatchewan, said that the lowest prices for dairy products during the past 20 years obtaining during 1932 for dairy products.

Mr. Reed said there were trying times for dairymen but still there were some bright spots to be noted, such as improvement in the management of dairy farms, cattle, and marketing and better feed production. There was an improvement in the quality of Saskatchewan butter, and a decrease in the number of dairies operated, as compared to 63 the previous years, 278,828 pounds was the average per creamery compared to 297,481 in 1931.

The total value of dairy products in 1932 was \$1,923,000 a decrease of more than \$2,000,000 under the previous year.

The 1932 output of creamery butter 17,800,985 pounds, a decrease of more than a million pounds from the figures of 1931.

Aid For Farmers

Opposes Plan To Put Inexperienced City Men On Farms

Pettition, British Columbia.—Governments should devote more energy to relieving distress of those already on farms and improve economic conditions by the method, rather than increase difficulties by adding over-supply of agricultural commodities by putting inexperienced city men on the land. This was the opinion expressed by R. H. Macdonald, president of the British Columbia Fruit Growers' Association, at the 43rd annual convention.

Insurance Legislation

Winnipeg, Man.—Designed to get around the recent decision of the privy council placing control of insurance companies in the hands of the provinces, legislation endeavoring to deal with jurisdiction over companies in Manitoba will be brought down by the Manitoba Government at the coming session of the legislature, it was learned here.

Community Life

Need For Development Stressed By Saskatoon Speaker

Saskatoon, Sask.—Emphasizing the need of a vital community life, particularly the cultural and social guidance of young people, in which the agricultural society should take the lead as a sort of community club, J. O. Rayner, director of agricultural extension at the University of Saskatchewan, gave his report as secretary at the annual convention of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies' Association here. He suggested the fields of endeavour for the societies in a time when, owing to lack of funds, the usual enterprises had to be abandoned.

Mr. Rayner's report pictured the decline in the activities of the agricultural societies, with a total membership reduced from 28,480 in year 1930 to 9,300 in 1932, but stated that while any report connected with agriculture at this time might contain dismal passages, it had its bright spots also. Good work had been done despite all obstacles, Mr. Rayner declared.

Announce Refusal To Take Pay Reductions

Stand Tied By Railway Workers In England

London, Eng.—Employees of the major railway companies of England have announced their refusal to accept wage reductions recommended by Sir Hugh Morris, chairman of the National Wage Board.

The definite stand by the employees now leaves the companies with the necessity of carrying out the former wage scale or the alternative of posting notices instituting the wage cuts. Attempts at compromise have failed.

CONVENTION OF C. C. F. WILL BE HELD IN REGINA

Calgary, Alberta.—First Dominion-wide convention of the newly-organized Co-operative Commonwealth Federation will be held in Regina early in July, with delegates from constituent units from coast to coast.

Announcement of the definite selection of the Saskatchewan capital as the first convention city was announced by Norman P. Priestley, vice-president of the United Farmers of Alberta and provincial secretary of the C.C.F. An executive meeting in Regina would precede the convention, he said, but the exact dates of the Dominion-wide gathering had not yet been set.

Provincial councils now being organized will be two-fold or three-fold in character, depending on the affiliations within the province. Mr. Priestley cited Ontario as an example, where the provincial council, when completed, probably will include representatives of farmers, Labor groups and other citizen groups, such as the C.C.F. The same policy was being followed in other provinces, where the councils were being formed.

Revisions of the constitution, adopted at the organization convention in Calgary last August, will receive consideration.

POLAND'S RADIO PROTEST



Here we see M. Skirmunt, Polish Ambassador in London, Eng., leaving the Embassy after presenting a note to the Foreign Office complaining of a use of a British radio station for Polish propaganda aimed at friendly nations. Poland took exception to some remarks on Poland made during a commentary by the British Broadcasting Corporation presiding a relay of several European stations recently.

Liquor Advertisements

Want Permission To Publish Liquor Ads In Ontario Papers

Toronto, Ont.—Permission for publication of liquor advertisements in newspapers and magazines in Ontario was urged upon Premier G. S. Henry by a deputation of five of the Allied Retail Trades Council, in seeking employment for some 600 members of the council.

It was argued that several American publications that would have been published in Ontario were sent to Montreal for publication because liquor advertisements were used in them.

Anxious To Vote

Man In Ireland Cycles 100 Miles To Cast His Ballot

Dublin, Ireland.—Two centenarians were among the first to cast their vote in Donegal as the Irish Free State went to the polls. In Kenmare a husband, a wife, aged 101 and 99 years, respectively, voted the preferences.

A Galway man cycled 100 miles to cast his ballot, while an enthusiast in Kilmaree walked 40 miles to do his bit for his party.

To Be Deported

Montreal, Que.—Edmond Audard, a naturalized Frenchman who has lived in Canada since 1909, will be deported after serving a sentence of one month's imprisonment for obtaining \$20 by false pretences. He was sentenced by Judge Martin in court of sessions.

TIGER CUB BORN DURING CIRCUS



Mr. Matthies, famous animal trainer, gives young Olympia a feed before officially presenting it to Mr. Bertram Mills for safe keeping, while a few thousand looks on. This tigress cub was born at Olympia, London, England, to India and Paddy, during one of the best performances which draw thousands each winter, including members of the Royal Family.

Intellectual Development

Dr. H. H. Tory Scorns Any Movement Towards Curbng Opportunity

Vancouver, B.C.—A challenge to those who would curb intellectual development of Canada was voiced by Dr. H. H. Tory, chairman of the National Research Council of Canada, in addressing the Canadian club here.

"The man who would curb the intellectual activities of the country is brother to the nation's," declared Dr. Tory with emphasis.

"What are your great natural resources without men equipped with the intellectual approach?" he asked. "On the great prairies of Canada the white man produced more in one year than had been produced there in the ages. What are natural resources without the training to use them? Without that intellectual ability they may be a curse to the country which owns them. Scientific discoveries of comparatively recent years have given employment to millions and opened up new activities."

Treasure Hunt

Syndicate Says Cocos Island Venture Is Not Abandoned

Vancouver, B.C.—All members of the Cocos Island treasure party have left the island and are now located on the mainland of Costa Rica, officials of the syndicate announced recently. The evacuation was made necessary through detected developments about contact boat "Vigilante." In a statement issued by J. G. Tupper, managing director of J. G. Tupper & Co., a director, it was announced that the venture would not be abandoned but that after consulting with shareholders it was planned to send another party to the island, thoroughly equipped to complete the work carried on during the past 11 months.

Plan Meets With Success

Prepayment Of Taxes Is Working Well In Ontario

Toronto, Ont.—Ontario's citizens, in these so-called days of depression, are eagerly paying taxes for the year in taxes for the old home town. Survey of 15 cities, in which 11 have paid into effect tax-prepayment plans, disclosed a 20 per cent. advance payment system is generally well received and operating successfully.

Among cities covered by the survey: Toronto, Sask. Ste. Marie, Que. and St. John's, Nfld. In London, London, St. Catharines, Barrie and Sudbury have adopted the prepayment scheme.

BRITAIN HAS AGREED TO U.S. DEBT DISCUSSION

London, Eng.—Great Britain, in formally agreeing to Anglo-American debt discussions by a note which Ambassador Sir Ronald Lindsay presented to the State Department, L. Stimson, definitely limited the scope of any decisions which may be taken at Washington to questions concerning Great Britain's war debts to the United States.

Great Britain stated that she will be "glad to exchange views with Mr. Roosevelt on other world economic problems in which the two governments are interested," but decision on the world monetary and economic conference.

In Whitehall this was interpreted as having a two-fold object. Britain does not desire to be drawn too deeply into any general discussions of world economic problems at Washington, secondly, there is a desire to safeguard the aims and purposes of the world economic conference of which Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald was named chairman by the Geneva preparatory commission.

It is expected the world economic conference will assemble in London as soon as possible after the Washington debts discussion has been completed. British observers expect this to be in May at the earliest.

Washington.—Great Britain accepted President-Elect Franklin D. Roosevelt's terms for a discussion of its war debt, but made a reservation against deciding what questions will be considered by the world economic conference until there is a general meeting of all nations to be represented there.

The British reply was delivered at the state department, while a furious debate raged in the senate which indicated that it there has been any yielding in the congressional opposition to the plan, during one of the best performances which draw thousands each winter, including members of the Royal Family.

ONLY ONE OF TEN DEPORTEES STILL IN CANADA

Halifax, N.S.—Only one of ten aliens ordered deported as Communists last May remains in custody at immigration detention quarters here. With the departure of Dan Holmes and Stefan Woroszewski, only John Sembay (Ivan Sembay) was left. Holmes, whose real name is Dan Chomicki, and Woroszewski were sent out of the country aboard the liner "Pulaski," bound for Copenhagen and Sydney. Holmes is an Austrian and Woroszewski a native of Poland. The fact that they had gone was not generally known: Lionel A. Ryan, barrister who represented the Canadian Labor Defence League in their interests, did not learn of it until recently.

Ryan said no appeal to the judicial committee of the Privy Council would be taken from the rulings of three Canadian courts. Refusal of the Minister of Immigration to stay deportation proceedings had made such an appeal impracticable, he said. It was now only a matter of time.

The ten held here were: Arvo Vaara, director of the Finnish Daily "Vapaus" of Sudbury, Ont.; Martin Parker, his secretary; Hans Kuehn of Berlin; Conrad Czerwinski, Bavarian; John Fracas, of Hungary; John Stahlberg, Montreal manager of Vaara's paper; and his cabinet by a delegate, Sembay and the two who left on Monday, January 23.

Stahlberg was sent to the United States, where he was a naturalized citizen, and Vaara, Parker, Czerwinski, and Fracas were deported to their own countries. Sembay was deported subsequently. It was understood at the time that Sembay, the one remaining detainee, would be arrangements to be sent to the Soviet Union.

Labor Representation

All Canadian Congress Of Labor Represents The President

Ottawa, Ont.—A sharp indictment of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada and a request for equal recognition of other labor organizations before the law was in the selection of the Canadian Congress of Labor, presented to Premier R. B. Bennett and his cabinet by a delegate, from the All-Canadian Congress of Labor.

The Trades and Labor Congress was pictured as a "quasi-political body" deriving its standing wholly from the fact of being a body controlled within and lacking in voluntary support from the workers of Canada. It had no right to pose as or be recognized as the official representative of organized labor in Canada.

In a two-hour interview with the cabinet, the delegation brought forward a score of charges against the rival labor organization.

Premier Bennett thanked the delegation for its representations and promised consideration.

Prize Birds Dead

Branchitis Attacks Poultry In Alberta Egg-Laying Counties

Lethbridge, Alberta.—Sixty-two birds from the finest poultry flocks in Alberta had died as result of an epidemic which broke out at the Lethbridge experimental farm, where they were entered in an egg-laying contest.

Recognizing the seriousness of the situation, the contest management issued a statement in which it said an epidemic of infectious bronchitis broke out among the birds on January 17.

Took Drastic Measures

Quebec, Que.—Because he cut off his right hand, danger and then claimed compensation under the Workers' Compensation Act, Joseph Dupuis, St. Aude De Pabon, Quebec, was sentenced to four months imprisonment with hard labor. He was arraigned on a double charge of seeking to obtain money from the Workers' Compensation Commission under false pretences and of committing larceny.

Safer Than Highway

Coeatsville, Pa.—For years, Yvonnam Dipol, 65, a crossing watchman, wanted to work on the railroad right-of-way. A month ago the management ordered him to take a safer course. A few days ago a truck roared down the Lincoln Highway and killed him.

Uncanny Machines Known As Verifier And Tabulator Used To Check Up Census Returns

Aided by machines that count with lightning speed and which exist nowhere else in the world the computing of Canada's 1931 census involves much more than a matter of noses and it will be some time yet before the work begun when enumerators called from house to house nearly two years ago is completed.

The census of Canada now being tabulated is the biggest job of its kind ever undertaken in this country. Were it not for two machines, invented and built by census officials, it would cost three times as much as it will to tabulate the information which will be published alone. As it is, thanks to the almost uncanny mechanical devices, much more information will be compiled than it will be possible to publish.

The two machines are the verifier and the tabulator. The first detects errors and the second counts 240 different facts from census cards at the rate of 245 cards a minute.

The data taken by the census enumerators is transferred to small cards by punching holes in the cards. A hole is punched in the proper place to indicate the sex, age, religion, nationality, language, racial origin and other things of the person being counted.

This card is then sent to the verifier, which checks for possible errors. The machine throws out cards on which conflicting pieces of information are recorded. For instance if a person's age is 25 and he is listed as non-under, under 16, the card is thrown into the discard and sent back for checking to correct the discrepancy.

If a man gives his racial origin as Jewish and his religion as Baptist the card is rejected. If the sex is omitted the card is shot back. The machine of course cannot detect a straight error in a single fact, such as the wrong age, the wrong sex, or the wrong nationality.

Each card runs under a set of pins, 240 in number, one for each possible hole. The pins drop through the holes into a small basin of mercury. This at once establishes an electric current, down through one pin across through the mercury and up through another.

At each of the pins there is a small electric circuit is broken and the card is thrown out. The electric contact in the mercury bath lasts only 1-200 of second.

The tabulator is the only machine in the world which counts 240 separate facts at the same time. It, too, works with electric currents running through a mercury bath by means of the pins and drops through the holes. As each card passes through a pin drops through each hole, an electric contact is established for 1-27 of a second and the card is counted under its proper heading.

A large black board with 240 apertures under 200 headings in each of which is a revolving enumerator with white figures like an automobile speedometer is attached to the machine. When all the cards for a certain district have run through and been counted the board has a record of the number of persons of each religion, each age division, each racial origin, and the whole 20 classifications marked up.

The next step is to take a photograph of the board which makes the permanent record. The totals from the photographic records are then computed on an adding machine with figures by provinces and for the whole of Canada are announced.

But the machines do more than merely count. As the cards run through they are sorted into groups according to the classification desired. They might first be sorted by age. Thus after the run would be completed for the city of Toronto the cards would be stacked according to age. Then they could be run through that order and the next result would give the number of persons of each sex, each religion, each nationality and so on in the city of Toronto under 21, between 21 and 25 and so on. All sorts of cross-classification of this kind are being made.

The Census Bureau has three tabulating machines built especially for this job at a cost of about \$15,000 each. It took three months to run the whole of Canada on 10,000,000 odd cards through the machines.

A. E. Thornton, mechanical superintendent for the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, is the inventor of the machines.

chies and they were built in Ottawa under his direction and that of his assistant, F. Bellisle. The two mechanics worked for three years on the project. They had some little difficulty persuading the government to allow them to build the machines as commercial manufacturers scoffed and said they would never work. The machines have been working for 15 months without a hitch.

The next largest machine in the world is at Washington and is used by the United States census. It, however, tabulates only 60 facts at a time, compared with the 240 tabulated by the Canadian machine. The largest commercial machine in the world tabulates only 36 facts and cannot be bought. It can only be rented.



By Ruth Rogers



974

SCHOOL GIRLS AND THE COLLEGE MEN WILL APPROVE THIS SNAPPY JUMPER

If budding daughter is asking to try her skill as dressmaker, let her launch into sewing this jaunty jumper.

It is such a simple little affair to tackle and just as smart and fresh as paint when finished.

The jumper skirt is straight with an inverted plait at the center-front to give it ample fullness. It is attached to the simple bodice by its darling suspender straps. As for the gimp, it is the popular taupe color.

Being smart, no doubt, she'll make the jumper of mouse-grey woolen material and the gimp of pale grey plain woolen.

Style No. 974 is designed in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28.

Size 16 requires 2 yards 54-inch with 14 yards 39-inch for blouse.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

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The Barter System

Frederic Bennett Sees Trend In That Direction

Speaking before the Toronto Board of Trade, Premier R. B. Bennett said in the early days trade was conducted by barter and there is evidence some would like to return to that method.

There were many phases of trade. The very population, for the first time in the history of Canada, was smaller at present than the urban population. "We sometimes forget how vast a market we have in our own country for our products," he said. But despite Canada's magnificent resources, her export trade had shown a great diminution for a time. Eventually, however, through sacrifices, Canada had come back to fifth position as an exporting country.

There was no problem so great and so little understood as the railway problem which the prime minister said was the greatest and darkest cloud hanging over this country.

There was a tendency sometimes to blame the cost for the railway problem, but this was not right, since three great agricultural provinces had guaranteed part of the transportation system.

There was also hundreds of millions of dollars invested in harbor and canal systems—all built to maintain Canada's trade and for its protection.

Fish Propagation In B.C.

Province Will Stock Rivers and Lakes With Young Fish

Marking British Columbia's first attempt to stock its streams with young fish instead of mere fry, whose mortality is too great for satisfactory propagation, Bryan Williams, provincial game commissioner, has announced plans for concentration of fish propagation at three centres.

Brown trout, Rainbow and Scottish salmon will be reared in scientific feeding ponds located at Cowichan Lake, Qualicum on Vancouver Island and at Stanley Park, Vancouver.

The young fish will be released into the streams and lakes of the province for the sport of fishermen, transportation to be made with the use of a new system of oxygen tanks which make it possible for long trips without danger.

Check and Double Check

Ontario Town Has Found This System Is Costly

It cost the Town Council of Cheltenham, Ont., \$73.95, and then some to check and double check the books of town clerk H. J. Gratton and make the discovery the municipality owed that official three cents. And the corporation also loses a lawsuit.

J. T. Dionne, Sudbury, won his action against the town for \$60 as his fee for auditing the books. The town refused to pay and called in a government auditor. Now they are to be paid for \$196.95 plus 19 per cent for the auditor's office.

Troubles Of The Editor

Most newspaper publishers will appreciate this from the Acton, Ontario, Free Press: "If the amount of advertising contracts were one-third the number of requests for free publicity that newspapers receive these days through the mails it would be conceded that the 'corner had been turned.'"

The wastepaper basket is the most overworked article around the office—Oshawa Times.

ANOTHER OF THE MAPLE LEAF'S STALWARTS



Red Horner has been a tower of strength to the Toronto Maple Leaf Hockey team, and enjoys the reputation of being a hard checker. Here we see him leaving his imprint on Chicago ice as he slams the puck in the direction of the goalkeeper.

Contract For Ties

Railway Contracts Given To Timber Operators In Thunder Bay Area

Railway contracts for the supply of more than \$50,000 ties have been awarded to nearly a score of timber operators of Port William and Port Arthur during the past few days, assisting an active winter period of woods operations in Thunder Bay district.

To the neighborhood of 3,000 men will be given employment by operators in camps all over the timber region, while thousands of ties will be sought by smaller contractors from settlers and farmers in outlying sections of the district.

Many new camps are being opened, operations are being resumed at others already existing, while some operators plan to continue work throughout the spring and summer months. Both the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways have contracted for the ties.

If People Spent More

Even Half Dollar a Day Would Speed Up Business

If the billion lobbyists of the world spent half a dollar more a day the demand for merchandise would be great all the factories in the five continents would be unable to meet it. Gerald Campbell, the British Consul-General, is at an address at the opening of the Jewish Community House of Bensonhurst, Brooklyn. Mr. Campbell declared there had never been a more auspicious time for universal peace than now, and it was up to Great Britain and the United States to point the way. He warned that if the British Empire should be dissolved, world-wide chaos would result. "I don't believe we understand our neighbor any better than we understand ourselves," he said.

Big Ranching Development

British Firm To Operate Large Packing Plant In South America

The British Lihing Company, one of the largest importers of meat from South America, is starting immediately to establish its own meat packing plant in Southern Rhodesia, South Africa, in the centre of an extensive cattle-raising district, the London Daily Herald announces. This is expected, the paper added, to lead to big ranching developments in Rhodesia and the Transvaal.

The Testey Meat Trust also has acquired ranching rights in the Transvaal.

A Job For Hubby

A young bride from the Middle West wanted to surprise her husband with a gala dinner on the first anniversary of their wedding. She telephoned the fish dealer and asked about lobsters. She ordered two of them.

They were brought to her alive. The cook book was full of information about making lobster salad, but still missing of the most important detail—how to kill them.

Desperate, she telephoned her husband, "Please come home on an errand. I have a pair of lobsters for dinner and you must wring their necks."

Road transportation is causing heavy loss to railways in France.

Algeria spent more than \$7,000,000 on new highways last year.

King George Is Proud Possessor Of Finest Collection Of Postage Stamps Of The British Realm

Making Pocket Money

Small Farm Catches Flying Farm Boys In Canada

Farm boys are finding weaving traps a profitable side line in the central Alberta district, empires being very plentiful in these parts this winter.

Boys are able to catch half a dozen or without much trouble, setting traps within a few hundred feet of their homes. Those who are going into it on a larger scale are reaping much richer returns. With eight traps, one boy caught 21 weasels in six weeks, and hopes to go well over the hundred mark before the winter is over. Another boy has set 100 slings to show for a month's work with traps and trick boxes.

The weasel skins are selling for 75 cents apiece, according to the young trappers, who expect to average around 60 cents a piece for the season.

Weasel seem to be the only game the trappers here are bothering with this season. Coyotes are somewhat scarce except in the north-eastern parts. Skunk were plentiful during the summer, but few have been reported caught this winter.

One young fella jackrabbit pellets worth going after. He set out a dozen snares in a large field a short distance from town, and has caught 15 of the large bundles. The family and neighbors have been dining frequently on rabbit meat and the boys reap 25 cents a skin to keep him in pocket money. Bush rabbits are plentiful.

To Aid Mankind

Einstein Proposes To Have Great Minds Unite On World Problems

A plan evolved by Prof. Albert Einstein for an international committee of the 25 greatest minds of the world to function in the best interests of mankind, the plan was sketched out by Jacob Landau, of New York, managing director of the Jewish Telegraph agency, a press association.

Landau said the noted scientist, now engaged in scientific study at Pasadena, described the plan in a special interview.

"As Dr. Einstein conceives it," he said, "the committee will raise his voice whenever mankind is confronted with grave problems. It will take action whenever the peace of the world is jeopardized by acts of injustice have been committed."

He said invitations would be issued only to intellectuals of the highest order.

Russia's Dream Has Vanished

Soviet Gives Up Idea Of Making Chinese Communists

It would almost appear that Russia has despaired of China, and does not see much hope of turning the "Red" movement in Kiangsi and Honan to her own advantage. Perhaps Stalin is beginning to realize that true Communism will never be appreciated by such convinced individualists as the Chinese. The great dream of adding China to the Union of Soviet Republics has vanished and the Communists have turned to realities and are evidently ready to compromise with things they do not like.

—Hong-Kong Press.

An Expensive Exhibit

Elephant In Seattle Zoo Eats Ton Of Hay Weekly

Eating a ton of hay a week is the job of Puck, huge (moonshine gazing) elephant, who is now at home in special quarters at Woodland Park Zoo, Seattle, Washington. About 100,000 people have seen the big fellow since he was left to the care of the city by his alleged owners. He formerly held extended stunts in Portland, Olympia, Glendale, Centralia and Tacoma, after he was "dismissed" from the big top when he became too expensive to cart around the country.

South Africa has four aeroplane clubs.

The bestowal of a knighthood upon Sir Edward Denny Bacon, keeper of the King's stamps, comes as a timely reminder that His Majesty is the proud possessor of what is beyond doubt the finest and most complete collection of postage stamps of the British realm extant.

Begin in his midshipman days under the tutelage of his uncle, the late Duke of Edinburgh, himself a keen and able philatelist, the collection has been developed and extended with the years until today it occupies upwards of 200 large albums in charge of a curator, who has a special room at Buckingham Palace in which to carry out the constant work of arranging, classifying and mounting the additions that are daily being made to it.

Only a few privileged members of the Royal Philatelic Society, London, of which the King is honorary patron, have been permitted to view the royal stamp collection in its entirety, but each year some portion of it is exhibited at the opening of the society's new season. These annual displays usually reveal some original aspect of philately, the hobby of the gentry, by which the King is known as Duke of Wales, and later as Prince of Wales, His Majesty used sometimes to attend the proceedings personally, on more than one occasion gave evidence of his philatelic erudition by reading informative papers.

It is difficult to single out for particular mention any one portion of the King's collection which covers the whole of the world, the largest gem of the imperial stamp issues from Antigua to Zanzibar, for, although it is planned on more or less general lines, it is highly specific as regards a large number of colonies and protectorates.

From the point of value alone the Majesty's collection is highly notable. With the pair of "Post Office" rarities (10 and 24), the unused copy of the "Keweenaw" issue, the most famous of the imperial stamp issues from Antigua to Zanzibar, for, although it is planned on more or less general lines, it is highly specific as regards a large number of colonies and protectorates.

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morning after?
How Eno wakes
you up, banishes
heaviness,
refreshes,
takes a glass of
Eno—and feel a
different person.
CA-158

TAKE
ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

**HEART
OF THE
NORTH**

WILLIAM
BYRON
HOWERY

(FVS Review)

Copyright by William Byron Howery

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

Alan swore to wield this sword in his hand.

By mid-afternoon of that interminable day they came to the first straggling trees at the Thal-Azrah edge. At deep twilight they reached the Alaska Forks and the anchored launch.

Pedestalt just returned from his restless trip up the trail. In a few words he understood all that had happened. With one glance at his spent and staggering partners, he took their heavy burden from their shoulders.

Alan flung himself down beside Bill, driven to the limit of human endurance. His last waking thought was the grim satisfaction of knowing that he held a sword over his guilty comrade, and could bring him down at last.

In his cabin inspector Haskell sat behind his desk, waiting for Alan Baker to come in and report. He was thinking, thinking hard; and for all his self-control his nerves were jumping.

Over in a corner Whipple sat at the table, pretending to write but in reality waiting, as Haskell had bidden him. Something cold had gripped Haskell half an hour ago when he saw the patrol returning without the six bandits and with Constable Young desperately wounded. He knew the details of that patrol already: Whipple had come up and privately told him. How the bandits had headed for the Thal-Azrah, how Baker had warned, how Baker had run those six to earth and cornered them. How Pedestalt and the other four constables had been a hundred and forty miles away during that crucial hour.

As he knew, this crime was the most spectacular in years along the Three Rivers. The defeat administered to the police was the most stinging in a decade. This incident would have reverberations in headquarters. Superintendent Williamson would investigate. The very first question of that veteran old officer would be:

"Why in h—l did you order Baker to divide that patrol? Splitting up his detail that way—didn't you realize that neither party would be able to handle those criminals?"

Not defending himself, Haskell knew he was caught. He knew he had made a capital mistake in a Force where a man's first mistake is usually his last. In these thirty minutes all his prospects of promotion, his chance of attaining Alan Baker, of swinging Elizabeth Spaulding to himself, had come tumbling down like a house of

WEAK WOMEN
Take Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

Have you ever felt that your nerves were weak to do anything... that you did not have the strength you need to do your work... that you were a weak and run-down woman who take a tonic such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Headaches and backaches that are the result of a tired, run-down condition often yield to this marvelous medicine.

90 out of every 100 women who take it say they are benefited by this medicine. Buy a bottle from your druggist today... and write for a free booklet to see why they are benefited by this medicine.

W. N. U. 1979

cards, and he was thoroughly frightened. It would split him to his career if the facts of the patrol became known. The blame of this shameful defeat lay squarely at his door. Baker surely realized that, Baker surely was going to use that sword against him. It was war now, open and avowed war between them.

Step by step, logic led him to the end and only recourse he had. If Williamson ever found out he had ordered that patrol split, he was sunk. Therefore Williamson must not find out. There was a way to keep him from knowing the facts.

Haskell tried to still his conscience by thinking that Baker had wanted the patrol to fail. If that was so, then this mission was exactly what the sergeant had counted to him. He ought to be smashed, and smashed hard. . . . You've got to fight fire with fire.

Still in his muddled and torn uniform, Alan came down the slope to meet Haskell's cabin, intending to bludgeon some hard and fast terms out of the guilty inspector or shoot a complaint over his head to Superintendent Williamson. If that failed, he would give to his demands he meant to send a half-brained runner to the Royal Signal Corps station at Resolute.

Over at Mrs. Drummond's house where forces had gathered, even gleaming in the windows across at Father Claverly's tiny hospital, Larry Young lay fighting for his life. Up the stairs at barracks Dave MacMillan was locked in the police "butter-tuck" charged with being accomplice to robbery and murder.

Alan entered that remark in his account against the inspector. Haskell had expected exactly that. "I talked with him. He isn't guilty. He never heard a whisper about these bandits. I'll tell him. He doesn't know anything."

That same impression had been Alan's. "He couldn't have deceived them. There was something behind that plot of fun. I didn't want to light yet and which would explain those damned circumstances."

It was his conviction that Dave MacMillan was not guilty at all. He meant to put up a fight for Dave. It was easy to resolve that, but the actual job was the hardest thing he had attempted in his whole life. The only way under heaven of clearing Dave was to capture the guilty man and either bring a confession out of them or hold out king's evidence as a lure and get them started.

Which way would they try to escape? They'd go east when they left the Thal-Azrah. They'd go across the mountains to Hudson's Bay and try to pick up passage on a fishing smack, or go east and south toward the Pas in Manitoba. There was only one route, he knew, out of the Thal-Azrah, and they'd have to take it. It was an old Timine trade route, the Inconnu River.

Alan meant to lead a patrol to the Inconnu.

As he strode into the cabin, he saw Haskell waiting for him, coolly smoking a cigarette. It seemed to Alan that the man actually did not realize that his ignorant orders had wrecked the patrol and that the whole blame and shame of it lay at his door.

When he finished his report, Haskell made no comment. Wondering at his cool air, Alan was silent a few moments. He could not understand the man's nonchalance. This was war between them; each knew it; and yet Haskell showed no fear, no concern, no conciliatory spirit whatsoever.

Keeping back his heavy weapons, Alan took up his defense of Joyce's father:

"About Dave MacMillan. My opinion is he's innocent. I don't think there's no man can be sent outside to Edmonton. A travelling crowd is coming down the Three Rivers in August, and Alan may wait for them. He can be kept here, or released on bail. Drummond will put up bail. I'll be personally responsible for him. There's no reason to reason. He's got some good friends among the Dogmen. If he's released he'll get busy and stir them up to help him these bandits—"

Haskell interposed. "What was he doing last week? Where was he? Can he put up any bail?"

"He was in the Candice-Lake country, trying to locate Little Otter's band. He'd fed them all winter, and they owed him their spring peltry; but they'd sneaked away and taken their peltry in to the L. & F. He saw no one; he has no alibi."

"That trader would be released," Haskell said finally. "I'll decide whether to keep him here or send him outside to Edmonton."

Dismissed Dave MacMillan's plight with a curt gesture, he demanded: "What would you leave Constable

**FOR HEAD
LIPS**

snuff up nose
also melt in
hot water and
inhale vapors

**VICKS
VapoRum**

OVER 25 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Burgoon there at the trading post, shorthanded as we are?

"To watch after the furs and trade goods."

"That's MacMillan's lookout. I'll have to instruct peddler to get through tomorrow."

"But Miss Joyce expects to return there. She has good reasons to return here. She has good reasons to return here."

"If she insists on returning, I don't feel any responsibility. This isn't an espionage; it's a Mounted Police post."

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New Motor Fuel

Using Common Charcoal Or Coke To Drive Engines

Science is even revolutionizing the fuels we use for locomotion.

Mr. N. C. Jones, of London, England, claims to have invented a means of using common charcoal or coke as the basis of a fuel for motor vehicles, which will supply power at a coal equivalent to petrol at 24, a gallon.

His apparatus consists of two units—a gas producer, and a cleaner and filter. In operation, the passage of air and water vapor through an incandescent mass of charcoal creates a gas which, when passed into the cylinder and mixed with air, forms an explosive mixture, he asserts. It is said, can be attached to any commercial vehicle, and also to stationary heavy oil plants.

A company is now launching this process on a commercial basis in Britain, and it is stated, that, during the course of a year, they are expected to produce a more compact apparatus for the use of private cars.

Adjust Freight Rates

Domestic Rates On Feed Grain Westward May Be Reduced

Reports are prevalent that the domestic freight rates on feed grain westward are to be reduced. The decrease will be of benefit to Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, and to a lesser extent to Manitoba.

Domestic freight rates are higher than export rates. In the schedules under consideration the difference between these two tariffs is likely to be cut from 40 to 50 per cent.

The action under discussion would enable the prairie farmers to find a wider market for their No. 6 grain. The western farmers have a large stock of this feed grain on hand.

Poultry and chicken farmers of British Columbia would get cheaper feed grain as a consequence. A large market exists in the coast province for this commodity.

The situation is under review with indication of an easy decision in the way of reduction of domestic freight rates on feed grain westbound.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

HERITAGE

We cannot know them all,
These saviours of ours
Who left us, through the long, slow years
Such strangely varied powers.

One gave me wistful dreams
And love of wind-tossed foam,
Another gave a heart that clings
To thought ways and home.

One gave me truth and trust,
One gave me pride and fire,
The gift of one was faith enough
To grasp my heart's desire.

Women with laughing lips
And man who sang and dreamed;
So through my veins the changeful
Of diverse lives has streamed.

And sometimes I must ask,
As life so strangely runs,
How much of this myself is I,
How much those others' suns.

New Bow For Violin

German Field Finds Silver Wires Give Good Tone

For centuries past the violin has been made of horseshair. It is perhaps a lucky thing that, just as the horse is disappearing, a German fiddler has invented a new string with silver wires. These wires are of about the same thickness as horseshair, and as they are slightly roughened on the surface they vibrate the string perfectly without the use of resin. The tone, it is claimed, is far better than is given by the ordinary bow. It is not commercially available on this continent as yet.

About \$400,000,000 worth of gold is produced each year.

Rothsay, Scotland, has officially named Bunday dog.

**GIN
PILLS**

FOR THE
STOMACH

FOR THE
STOMACH

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

the best dry yeast for home baking..

Try this Easy-to-Make Recipe for FORM CAKE

Green 14 cup sugar with 14 cup butter. Add 1/2 beaten egg and beat until light. Add 1 cup lukewarm water. Add 1/2 cup Royal Yeast. Add 1/2 cup oil, 1/2 cup raisins, 1/2 cup chopped almonds, 14 teaspoon salt, and enough flour to make moderate oven 40 min.

soft dough (about 4 cups). Knead. Cover and set aside in warm place free from draughts for 15 hours. Knead down and place in well-greased tin. Brush top with egg and bake in moderate oven 40 min.

14 Royal Yeast Cake bulk to warm place free from draughts. Make 8 to 10 cups of batter.

ROYAL YEAST SPONGE: 14 Royal Yeast Cake bulk to warm place free from draughts. Make 8 to 10 cups of batter.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES have been the standard for over 50 years. Keep a supply on hand to use when you bake at home. Sealed in airtight wrapper they keep fresh for months. And get your copy of the ROYAL YEAST BAKE BOOK containing 23 practical, tested recipes for delicious breads, Address Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave., Liberty St., Toronto, Ont.

Adjust Freight Rates

Domestic Rates On Feed Grain Westward May Be Reduced

Reports are prevalent that the domestic freight rates on feed grain westward are to be reduced. The decrease will be of benefit to Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, and to a lesser extent to Manitoba.

Domestic freight rates are higher than export rates. In the schedules under consideration the difference between these two tariffs is likely to be cut from 40 to 50 per cent.

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The mystery of why a bell around its neck, which followed hunters about the woods near Ashland, Wisconsin, has been explained.

Claude Manley and E. V. Needham reported that they were trailed by the belled doe recently while deer hunting in the vicinity of Lake Kanasago, Wisconsin. A law protects the doe as the spotted doe.

Paul Binfield identified the doe as the spotted doe, a member of a few which woodland found wandering near their camp three or four years ago, and which they raised on a belt.

The doe refused to leave the neighborhood when it became full grown, and returns regularly for meals. Binfield explained. Often it will trail cooks' helpers carrying food to woodsmen working too far from camp to return for meals, he said.

A piece of red cloth is attached to the deer to prevent hunters from killing the camp pet, and during the open hunting season its protectors strap a bell around its neck as a further precaution, Binfield said.

Russians Discontented

As Disillusioned As Under Czar Says British Author

The Russian masses are as disillusioned as they were under the rule of the czars, Major F. A. Sportsman, British author and sportsman, said while visiting Milwaukee on a lecture tour.

"Thoughts of revolution run through the minds of the Russian masses today," he declared. "They are discontented with their lot under the Soviet regime and tired of the starvation rations upon which they are forced to subsist because of the shortage of food."

The author of "The Lives of a Bengal Lancer" and "Bloody Tears" recently returned from a visit to Russia. He said only the army there is well fed, adding that "the Soviet government needs for that because a well conditioned army can stave off revolution."

Sounded Like Thrill

The English Alpine visitor was met in the lounge of the hotel by a Frenchman.

"Ah," exclaimed the latter, "I've heard about you. You climbed the Matterhorn. That is a foot to be proud of."

The Englishman laughed. "Pardon me, sir," he said, "you mean 'feet,' do you not?" One said the Frenchman greatly excited, "so you climbed it more than once, eh?"

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Little Helps For This Week

"Whatever you do, do it heartily as to the Lord and not unto men." Colossians 3:23.

"Not with eye-service as men please; but with singleness of heart, fearing God." Colossians 3:22.

Teach me my God and King. In all things Thee to see. And what I do in anything. To do it for Thee—O. Herbert.

There is no action so slight or mean but it may be done to a purpose, and ennobled therefore; nor is there any purpose so great but that slight actions may help it.—J. Ruskin.

Every duty involves the whole principle of obedience. And little duties make the will dutiful and enough to obey. Little obediences lead into great. The daily round of duty is full of probation and of discipline; it trains the heart, will, and conscience. We need not be prophets or apostles, and the commonest life may be full of perfection. The duties of home are a discipline for the ministries of heaven.—H. E. Manning.

Penn Taxing Tickets

Levy For First Class Passengers Is Four Per Cent

All airplane and aeroplane tickets sold in Penn now carry a revenue tax of 2 to 4 per cent of the ticket's value, according to the commerce department. First class tickets for foreign countries carry stamps to the value of 4 per cent of the value of the ticket, while second and third class passengers are charged 2 per cent. An exception is made, however, on tickets for foreign countries taken up by persons proceeding from Bolivia and those arriving by ship on Lake Titicaca.

To Help Pilots

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh is attempting to make things easier for plane pilots. He is co-operating with officials at Chicago to have a university effort to group flying instruments so as to do away with pilots' eyestrain.

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One Shred of Waxed Paper.

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MID-WINTER CLEARING SALE

OPENS SAT. FEB. 4, CLOSES SAT. FEB. 18

EASTER is late this year. You will need winter clothing for many days yet. Quantities are limited so come early and share in this thirteen days of Bargain Feasting.

Men's and Boy's Winter Underwear

Reg. 1.75 Boy's heavy ribbed Combinations wool. Mid-Winter Clearing	.95
Boy's Fleece Combinations. All sizes Mid-Winter Clearing	.88
Men's Fleece Combinations. All sizes Mid-Winter Clearing	1.19
Reg. 2.50 Ribbed wool Combinations Men's. Mid-Winter Clearing	1.85
Reg. 1.50 wool shirts and drawers Mid-Winter Clearing	.95
Reg. 3.50 Stantfields Red Label Combs. Mid-Winter Clearing	2.65
Reg. 2.00 Stantfields Red Label shirts and Drawers. Mid-Winter Clearing	1.40
Special reduced prices in Men's fine knit Underwear	

Overshoes and Footwear

Men's one buckle Overshoes mid winter clearing	1.65
Men's two Buckle Overshoes mid winter clearing	2.15
Men's four Buckle Overshoes mid-winter clearing	2.95
Men's Cloth top Blizzards mid-winter clearing	.95
Boy's two Buckle Overshoes mid-winter clearing	1.75
Ladies Overshoes. Zipper style mid winter clearing	1.75
Ladies Overshoes. Adjusto style mid-winter clearing	1.95
Ladies fur trimmed Overshoes mid winter clearing	2.95
Men's Felt boots Lea Sole mid-winter clearing	1.95
Men's All Felt Boots mid winter clearing	2.25
Wannigans mid-winter clearing	1.95
Men's heavy felt sox mid-winter clearing	1.40
Men's Lumbermans sox mid-winter clearing	.75
Boy's Lumbermans sox mid-winter clearing	.65

Mitts etc.

Men's and Boys wool mitts mid-winter clearing	.25
Jersey Gloves mid winter clearing	.20
Men's horsehide pull over mitts mid-winter clearing	.60
Men's lined leather mitts mid-winter clearing	.90
Men's felt bedroom slippers mid-winter clearing	.95
Men's buckskin moccasins mid-winter clearing	.95
Men's Winter Cap mid-winter clearing	.95

Discount on all foot wear

Ladies' Hosiery

Child's heavy cotton hose small sizes mid-winter clearing	.15
Large size to 9 1/2 mid-winter clearing	.19
Little King fine cashmere hose in many colors small sizes mid-winter clearing	.35
Reg. to 65¢ cashmere hose mid-winter clearing	.45
Women's heavy cotton Hose mid-winter clearing	.19
Reg. to 75¢ wool and silk and wool hose mid-winter clearing	.45
Reg. to 1.25 Fine wool and silk and wool hose mid-winter clearing	.75
Reg. to 1.00 boy's heavy wool hose mid-winter clearing	.55

Men's Suits

One lot small men's Ready to Wear suits in plain blue and fancy worsted. Regular 25.00 mid-winter clearing	12.50
Reg. to 35.00 Men's Fine dress suits mid winter clearing	18.50

Yard Goods

Colored striped Flannelette 32 inches wide mid-winter clearing per yard	.15
Odd lines of print ends Reg. 35¢ per yard mid-winter clearing per yard	.14
36 inches wide broadcloths in new colors mid-winter clearing per yard	.19
Reg. 60¢ Art Satens mid-winter clearing per yard	.35
Fancy Wrapperettes 36 inches wide suitable for quilts and child's dresses mid winter clearing per yard	.23
20% off all lines of silks and fancy dress goods	
A big range of New Spring Wahasso Prints. Per yard	.25 .35

Ladies Shoes

Ladies Fancy Felt House Shoes mid-winter clearing	.55
Ladies Leather One Strap Shoes mid-winter clearing	.95
Reg. to 5.00 Ladies Pullover Sweater mid-winter clearing	1.95
One Lot Ladies Dress Shoes and Oxfords Reg. to 4.50 mid-winter clearing	2.65
Odds and Ends at Mid Winter Clearing Prices	

Sweaters, Overcoats Mackinaws & Windbreakers

Reg. 3.50 Men's heavy knit Jumbo sweaters. Mid Winter Clearing	2.45
Reg. to 4.50 Simpsons Knit Men's fancy sweaters. Mid-Winter Clearing	2.95
Boy's Jumbo knit sweater Coats Mid-Winter Clearing	1.95
Boy's Pull over sweaters. All sizes Mid-Winter Clearing	.95
Men's extra heavy Eskimo windbreaker Mid-Winter Clearing	1.95
Boy's same quality Eskimo windbreaker Mid Winter Clearing	1.45
Men's All Wool Windbreaker Mid-Winter Clearing	1.70
Reg. 1.50 Men's winter weight work shirts. Mid-Winter Clearing	.95
Reg. to 2.25 Men's winter weight work shirts. Mid Winter Clearing	1.60
Three only Men's Tweed Overcoats Reg. 20.00 Mid-Winter Clearing	9.85
Men's leather lined winter coat, high fur collar. Reg. 25.00 Mid-Winter Clearing	9.95
Reg. 7.50 All wool mackinaw coat Mid-Winter Clearing	4.45
Reg. 9.00 All wool mackinaw coat Mid-Winter Clearing	6.50
Reg. 9.95 Double to waist lined coat Mid Winter Clearing	7.45

Warm Blankets

O.V. Point Blankets Red or Tan mid-winter clearing	7.95
Reg. 17.50 Trappers Point Blankets mid-winter clearing	11.95
Reg. 8.50 O.V. white wool blankets large mid-winter clearing	5.95
O.V. Silver Blankets mid-winter clearing	3.95 4.75 5.95
All Wool Grey Blankets clearing	.50
Reg. 4.50 O.V. plaid Auto Rug mid-winter clearing	2.95
Heavy Jasper blankets large size mid-winter clearing	1.35
12-4 Alabama blankets White or Grey mid-winter clearing	2.20

Ladies Ready To Wear

Ten only Reg. 4.00 New Style dresses mid-winter clearing	2.95
Eight only Reg. to 19.50 our better dresses see these. mid-winter clearing	9.90
Five only Reg. to 12.50 Wool dresses mid-winter clearing	6.75
Women's and children's wool underwear to clear at half price.	
Four only Reg. to 20.00 New style Ladies Winter coats Chamois lined heavily fur trimmed mid winter clearing	11.95

Sale of Groceries too.

Re-stock the larder at this opportune time. See small bills for Grocery prices. A.G. Service and Quality.

S. A. MILLER

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